25 CHAPTER III
DIRECT TAXES

Income-tax

3. In section 2 of the Income-tax Act, with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014,—

Amendment of section 2.

(a) in clause (1A),—

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- (1) in sub-clause (c), in the proviso, in clause (ii),—
  - (i) in item (A), the words "according to the last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been published before the first day of the previous year" shall be omitted;
    - (ii) for item (B), the following item shall be substituted, namely:—
      - "(B) in any area within the distance, measured aerially,—
      - (I) not being more than two kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (A) and which has a population of more than ten thousand but not exceeding one lakh; or
      - (II) not being more than six kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (A) and which has a population of more than one lakh but not exceeding ten lakh; or
      - (*III*) not being more than eight kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (*A*) and which has a population of more than ten lakh.";
  - (2) after Explanation 3, the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
  - *'Explanation 4.*—For the purposes of clause (*ii*) of the proviso to sub-clause (*c*), "population" means the population according to the last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been published before the first day of the previous year;';
- (b) in clause (14), in sub-clause (iii),—
- (i) in item (a), the words "according to the last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been published before the first day of the previous year" shall be omitted;

- (ii) for item (b), the following shall be substituted, namely:—
  - '(b) in any area within the distance, measured aerially,—
  - (I) not being more than two kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (a) and which has a population of more than ten thousand but not exceeding one lakh; or
  - (II) not being more than six kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (a) and which has a population of more than one lakh but not exceeding ten lakh; or
  - (*III*) not being more than eight kilometres, from the local limits of any municipality or cantonment board referred to in item (*a*) and which has a population of more than ten lakh. 10

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-clause, "population" means the population according to the last preceding census of which the relevant figures have been published before the first day of the previous year;'.

### Amendment of section 10.

- 4. In section 10 of the Income-tax Act,—
  - (I) in clause (10D), with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014,—

(i) in sub-clause (d), after the second proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

'Provided also that where the policy, issued on or after the 1st day of April, 2013, is for insurance on life of any person, who is—

- (i) a person with disability or a person with severe disability as referred to in section 80U; or
- (ii) suffering from disease or ailment as specified in the rules made under section 80DDB, 20

the provisions of this sub-clause shall have effect as if for the words "ten per cent.", the words "fifteen per cent." had been substituted.';

- (ii) in *Explanation* 1, after the words "business of the first-mentioned person" occurring at the end, the words "and includes such policy which has been assigned to a person, at any time during the term of the policy, with or without any consideration" shall be inserted;
- (II) after clause (23D), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—
  - '(23DA) any income of a securitisation trust from the activity of securitisation.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause,—

- (a) "securitisation" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it,—
- (i) in clause (r) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Public Offer and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2008 made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956; or

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- (ii) under the guidelines on securitisation of standard assets issued by the Reserve 35 Bank of India;
- (b) "securitisation trust" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the *Explanation* below section 115TC;";
- (III) after clause (23EC), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—

'(23ED) any income, by way of contributions received from a depository, of such Investor Protection Fund set up in accordance with the regulations by a depository as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, specify in this behalf:

Provided that where any amount standing to the credit of the Fund and not charged to income-tax during any previous year is shared, either wholly or in part with a depository, the 45 whole of the amount so shared shall be deemed to be the income of the previous year in which such amount is so shared and shall, accordingly, be chargeable to income-tax.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause,—

(i) "depository" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (e) of sub-section 22 of 1996. (1) of section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996; 15 of 1992. (ii) "regulations" means the regulations made under the Securities and Exchange Board of 22 of 1996. India Act, 1992 and the Depositories Act, 1996;'; 5 (IV) in clause (23FB), for Explanation 1, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namelv:-'Explanation.-For the purposes of this clause,-(a) "venture capital company" means a company which-(A) has been granted a certificate of registration, before the 21st day of May, 2012, as a 10 Venture Capital Fund and is regulated under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Venture Capital Funds) Regulations, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as the Venture Capital 15 of 1992. Funds Regulations) made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992; or (B) has been granted a certificate of registration as Venture Capital Fund as a sub-category of Category I Alternative Investment Fund and is regulated under the 15 Securities and Exchange Board of India (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 (hereinafter referred to as the Alternative Investment Funds Regulations) made 15 of 1992. under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, and which fulfils the following conditions, namely:-(i) it is not listed on a recognised stock exchange; 20 (ii) it has invested not less than two-thirds of its investible funds in unlisted equity shares or equity linked instruments of venture capital undertaking; and (iii) it has not invested in any venture capital undertaking in which its director or a substantial shareholder (being a beneficial owner of equity shares exceeding ten per cent. 25 of its equity share capital) holds, either individually or collectively, equity shares in excess of fifteen per cent. of the paid-up equity share capital of such venture capital undertaking; (b) "venture capital fund" means a fund-16 of 1908. (A) operating under a trust deed registered under the provisions of the Registration Act, 1908, which-(I) has been granted a certificate of registration, before the 21st day of May, 2012, as 30 a Venture Capital Fund and is regulated under the Venture Capital Funds Regulations; or (II) has been granted a certificate of registration as Venture Capital Fund as a sub-category of Category I Alternative Investment Fund under the Alternative Investment Funds Regulations and which fulfils the following conditions, namely:— 35 (i) it has invested not less than two-thirds of its investible funds in unlisted equity shares or equity linked instruments of venture capital undertaking; (ii) it has not invested in any venture capital undertaking in which its trustee or the settler holds, either individually or collectively, equity shares in excess of fifteen per cent. of the paid-up equity share capital of such venture capital undertaking; and 40 (iii) the units, if any, issued by it are not listed in any recognised stock exchange; or (B) operating as a venture capital scheme made by the Unit Trust of India established 52 of 1963. under the Unit Trust of India Act, 1963; (c) "venture capital undertaking" means— 45

(i) a venture capital undertaking as defined in clause (n) of regulation 2 of the Venture

(ii) a venture capital undertaking as defined in clause (aa) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation

Capital Funds Regulations; or

2 of the Alternative Investment Funds Regulations;";

(V) after clause (34), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-

"(34A) any income arising to an assessee, being a shareholder, on account of buy back of shares (not being listed on a recognised stock exchange) by the company as referred to in section 115QA;";

(VI) after clause (35), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of 5 April, 2014, namely:-

'(35A) any income by way of distributed income referred to in section 115TA received from a securitisation trust by any person being an investor of the said trust.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expressions "investor" and "securitisation trust" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Explanation below section 10 115TC:':

(VII) after clause (48), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(49) any income of the National Financial Holdings Company Limited, being a company set up by the Central Government, of any previous year relevant to any assessment year commencing on or before the 1st day of April, 2014.".

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Insertion of new section 32AC.

machinery.

5. After section 32AB of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—

Investment in new plant or

'32AC. (1) Where an assessee, being a company, engaged in the business of manufacture or production of any article or thing, acquires and installs new asset after the 31st day of March, 2013 but before the 1st day of April, 2015 and the aggregate amount of actual cost of such new assets 20 exceeds one hundred crore rupees, then, there shall be allowed a deduction,—

(a) for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 2014, of a sum equal to fifteen per cent. of the actual cost of new assets acquired and installed after the 31st day of March, 2013 but before the 1st day of April, 2014, if the aggregate amount of actual cost of such new assets exceeds one hundred crore rupees; and

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(b) for the assessment year commencing on the 1st day of April, 2015, of a sum equal to fifteen per cent. of the actual cost of new assets acquired and installed after the 31st day of March, 2013 but before the 1st day of April, 2015, as reduced by the amount of deduction allowed, if any, under clause (a).

(2) If any new asset acquired and installed by the assessee is sold or otherwise transferred, 30 except in connection with the amalgamation or demerger, within a period of five years from the date of its installation, the amount of deduction allowed under sub-section (1) in respect of such new asset shall be deemed to be the income of the assessee chargeable under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession" of the previous year in which such new asset is sold or otherwise transferred, in addition to taxability of gains, arising on account of transfer of such new asset.

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- (3) Where the new asset is sold or otherwise transferred in connection with the amalgamation or demerger within a period of five years from the date of its installation, the provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply to the amalgamated company or the resulting company, as the case may be, as they would have applied to the amalgamating company or the demerged company.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "new asset" means any new plant or machinery (other than 40 ship or aircraft) but does not include-
  - (i) any plant or machinery which before its installation by the assessee was used either within or outside India by any other person;
  - (ii) any plant or machinery installed in any office premises or any residential accommodation, including accommodation in the nature of a guest house;
    - (iii) any office appliances including computers or computer software;
    - (iv) any vehicle; or
  - (v) any plant or machinery, the whole of the actual cost of which is allowed as deduction (whether by way of depreciation or otherwise) in computing the income chargeable under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession" of any previous year.'.

- 6. In section 36 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1), with effect from the 1st day of Amendment of section 36. April, 2014,-
  - (a) in clause (vii), the Explanation shall be numbered as Explanation 1 thereof and after Explanation 1 as so numbered, the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
  - "Explanation 2.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that for the purposes of the proviso to clause (vii) of this sub-section and clause (v) of sub-section (2), the account referred to therein shall be only one account in respect of provision for bad and doubtful debts under clause (viia) and such account shall relate to all types of advances, including advances made by rural branches;";
  - (b) after clause (xv), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- '(xvi) an amount equal to the commodities transaction tax paid by the assessee in respect of 10 the taxable commodities transactions entered into in the course of his business during the previous year, if the income arising from such taxable commodities transactions is included in the income computed under the head "Profits and gains of business or profession".
- Explanation.—For the purposes of this clause, the expressions "commodities transaction tax" 15 and "taxable commodities transaction" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them under Chapter VII of the Finance Act, 2013.'.
  - 7. In section 40 of the Income-tax Act, in clause (a), after sub-clause (iia), the following sub-clause Amendment of section 40. shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-
    - "(iib) any amount-

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- (A) paid by way of royalty, licence fee, service fee, privilege fee, service charge or any other fee or charge, by whatever name called, which is levied exclusively on; or
  - (B) which is appropriated, directly or indirectly, from,
- a State Government undertaking by the State Government.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-clause, a State Government undertaking includes—

- (i) a corporation established by or under any Act of the State Government;
- (ii) a company in which more than fifty per cent. of the paid-up equity share capital is held by the State Government;
- (iii) a company in which more than fifty per cent. of the paid-up equity share capital is held by the entity referred to in clause (i) or clause (ii) (whether singly or taken together);
- (iv) a company or corporation in which the State Government has the right to appoint the majority of the directors or to control the management or policy decisions, directly or indirectly, including by virtue of its shareholding or management rights or shareholders agreements or voting agreements or in any other manner;
- (v) an authority, a board or an institution or a body established or constituted by or under any 35 Act of the State Government or owned or controlled by the State Government;".
  - 8. After section 43C of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from the Insertion of 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-
    - "43CA. (1) Where the consideration received or accruing as a result of the transfer by an assessee Special of an asset (other than a capital asset), being land or building or both, is less than the value adopted provision for or assessed or assessable by any authority of a State Government for the purpose of payment of full value of stamp duty in respect of such transfer, the value so adopted or assessed or assessable shall, for the for transfer of purposes of computing profits and gains from transfer of such asset, be deemed to be the full value assets other of the consideration received or accruing as a result of such transfer.
    - (2) The provisions of sub-section (2) and sub-section (3) of section 50C shall, so far as may be, certain cases. apply in relation to determination of the value adopted or assessed or assessable under sub-section (1).
    - (3) Where the date of agreement fixing the value of consideration for transfer of the asset and the date of registration of such transfer of asset are not the same, the value referred to in sub-section (1) may be taken as the value assessable by any authority of a State Government for the purpose of payment of stamp duty in respect of such transfer on the date of the agreement.
    - (4) The provisions of sub-section (3) shall apply only in a case where the amount of consideration or a part thereof has been received by any mode other than cash on or before the date of agreement for transfer of the asset.".

new section 43CA.

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Amendment of section 56.

- 9. In section 56 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2),—
- (*I*) in clause (*vii*), for sub-clause (*b*), the following sub-clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—
  - "(b) any immovable property,-
  - (i) without consideration, the stamp duty value of which exceeds fifty thousand rupees, the 5 stamp duty value of such property;
  - (ii) for a consideration which is less than the stamp duty value of the property by an amount exceeding fifty thousand rupees, the stamp duty value of such property as exceeds such consideration:

Provided that where the date of the agreement fixing the amount of consideration for the transfer of immovable property and the date of registration are not the same, the stamp duty value on the date of the agreement may be taken for the purposes of this sub-clause:

Provided further that the said proviso shall apply only in a case where the amount of consideration referred to therein, or a part thereof, has been paid by any mode other than cash on or before the date of the agreement for the transfer of such immovable property;";

(II) in clause (viib), in the Explanation, in clause (b), for the word and figure "Explanation 1", the word "Explanation" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 80C of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (3A), before the *Explanation*, the following proviso shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—

'Provided that where the policy, issued on or after the 1st day of April, 2013, is for insurance on 20 life of any person, who is—

- (a) a person with disability or a person with severe disability as referred to in section 80U, or
- (b) suffering from disease or ailment as specified in the rules made under section 80DDB,

the provisions of this sub-section shall have effect as if for the words "ten per cent.", the words "fifteen per cent." had been substituted.'.

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Amendment of section 80CCG.

- 11. In section 80CCG of the Income-tax Act, with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014,—
  - (a) in sub-section (1),—
  - (i) after the words "acquired listed equity shares", the words "or listed units of an equity oriented fund" shall be inserted;
    - (ii) after the words "in such equity shares", the words "or units" shall be inserted;
  - (b) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
  - "(2) The deduction under sub-section (1) shall be allowed in accordance with, and subject to, the provisions of this section for three consecutive assessment years, beginning with the assessment year relevant to the previous year in which the listed equity shares or listed units of equity oriented fund were first acquired.";
  - (c) in sub-section (3),—
  - (A) in clause (i), for the words "ten lakh rupees", the words "twelve lakh rupees" shall be substituted;
  - (B) in clause (iii), after the words "listed equity shares", the words "or listed units of equity oriented fund" shall be inserted;
  - (d) after sub-section (4), the following Explanation shall be inserted, namely:—
  - *'Explanation.*—For the purposes of this section, "equity oriented fund" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the *Explanation* to clause (38) of section 10.'.

Amendment of section 80D.

**12**. In section 80D of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2), in clause (a), after the words "Central Government Health Scheme", the words "or such other scheme as may be notified by the Central 45 Government in this behalf" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.

13. After section 80E of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from Insertion of the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-

80EE.

'80EE. (1) In computing the total income of an assessee, being an individual, there shall be Deduction in deducted, in accordance with and subject to the provisions of this section, interest payable on loan respect of taken by him from any financial institution for the purpose of acquisition of a residential house loan taken for property.

interest on residential house

- (2) The deduction under sub-section (1) shall not exceed one lakh rupees and shall be allowed in property. computing the total income of the individual for the assessment year beginning on the 1st day of April, 2014 and in a case where the interest payable for the previous year relevant to the said assessment year is less than one lakh rupees, the balance amount shall be allowed in the assessment year beginning on the 1st day of April, 2015.
  - (3) The deduction under sub-section (1) shall be subject to the following conditions, namely:—
  - (i) the loan has been sanctioned by the financial institution during the period beginning on the 1st day of April, 2013 and ending on the 31st day of March, 2014;
- 15 (ii) the amount of loan sanctioned for acquisition of the residential house property does not exceed twenty-five lakh rupees;
  - (iii) the value of the residential house property does not exceed forty lakh rupees;
  - (iv) the assessee does not own any residential house property on the date of sanction of the loan.
- 20 (4) Where a deduction under this section is allowed for any interest referred to in sub-section (1), deduction shall not be allowed in respect of such interest under any other provisions of the Act for the same or any other assessment year.
  - (5) For the purposes of this section,—

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- (a) "financial institution" means a banking company to which the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 applies including any bank or banking institution referred to in section 51 of that Act or a housing finance company;
- (b) "housing finance company" means a public company formed or registered in India with the main object of carrying on the business of providing long-term finance for construction or purchase of houses in India for residential purposes.'.
- 14. In section 80G of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (i), after the words, brackets, Amendment figures and letters "or in sub-clause (iiiab)", the words, brackets, figures and letter "or in sub-clause of section (iiib)" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.

15. In section 80GGB of the Income-tax Act, before the Explanation, the following proviso shall be Amendment inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-

of section 80GGB.

of section

80GGC.

- 35 "Provided that no deduction shall be allowed under this section in respect of any sum contributed by way of cash.".
  - 16. In section 80GGC of the Income-tax Act, before the Explanation, the following proviso shall be Amendment inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:-

"Provided that no deduction shall be allowed under this section in respect of any sum contributed by way of cash.".

17. In section 80-IA of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (4), in clause (iv), for the words, figures Amendment and letters "the 31st day of March, 2013", wherever they occur, the words, figures and letters "the 31st of section day of March, 2014" shall respectively be substituted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.

80-IA.

- 18. In section 80JJAA of the Income-tax Act, with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014,—
  - (i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

Amendment of section 80JJAA.

"(1) Where the gross total income of an assessee, being an Indian company, includes any profits and gains derived from the manufacture of goods in a factory, there shall, subject to the conditions specified in sub-section (2), be allowed a deduction of an amount equal to thirty per cent. of additional wages paid to the new regular workmen employed by the assessee in such factory, in the previous year, for three assessment years including the assessment year relevant to the previous year in which such employment is provided.";

- (ii) in sub-section (2), for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(a) if the factory is hived off or transferred from another existing entity or acquired by the assessee company as a result of amalgamation with another company;";
- (iii) in the Explanation,—
- (a) in clause (i), in the proviso, for the word "undertaking" at both the places where it occurs, 5 the word "factory" shall be substituted;
- (iv) after clause (iii), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- '(*iv*) "factory" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (*m*) of section 2 of the Factories Act, 1948.'.

63 of 1948.

## Amendment of section 87.

- 19. In section 87 of the Income-tax Act, with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014,—
- (i) in sub-section (1), for the word and figures "sections 88", the word, figures and letter "sections 87A, 88" shall be substituted;
- (ii) in sub-section (2), for the word and figures "section 88", the words, figures and letter "section 87A or section 88" shall be substituted.

# Insertion of new section 87A.

**20**. After section 87 of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from the 15 1st day of April, 2014, namely:—

Rebate of income-tax in case of certain individuals.

"87A. An assessee, being an individual resident in India, whose total income does not exceed five hundred thousand rupees, shall be entitled to a deduction, from the amount of income-tax (as computed before allowing the deductions under this Chapter) on his total income with which he is chargeable for any assessment year, of an amount equal to hundred per cent. of such income-tax or an amount of two thousand rupees, whichever is less."

## Amendment of section 90.

- 21. In section 90 of the Income-tax Act,—
  - (a) sub-section (2A) shall be omitted;
- (b) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:—
  - "(2A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), the provisions of Chapter X-A of the Act shall apply to the assessee even if such provisions are not beneficial to him.";
- (c) after sub-section (4) and before Explanation 1, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
  - "(5) The certificate of being a resident in a country outside India or specified territory outside 30 India, as the case may be, referred to in sub-section (4), shall be necessary but not a sufficient condition for claiming any relief under the agreement referred to therein."

### Amendment of section 90A.

- 22. In section 90A of the Income-tax Act,—
  - (a) sub-section (2A) shall be omitted;
- (b) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of 35 April, 2016, namely:—
  - "(2A) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (2), the provisions of Chapter X-A of the Act shall apply to the assessee even if such provisions are not beneficial to him.";
- (c) after sub-section (4) and before Explanation 1, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
  - "(5) The certificate of being a resident in a specified territory outside India referred to in sub-section (4), shall be necessary but not a sufficient condition for claiming any relief under the agreement referred to therein."

23 of 2012.

23. Chapter X-A of the Income-tax Act (as inserted by section 41 of the Finance Act, 2012) relating Omission of to General Anti-Avoidance Rule shall be omitted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.

Chapter X-A relating to General Anti-Avoidance Rule

24. After Chapter X of the Income-tax Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted with effect from Insertion of the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:-

new Chapter X-A.

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#### 'CHAPTER X-A

#### GENERAL ANTI-AVOIDANCE RULE

95. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act, an arrangement entered into by an assessee Applicability may be declared to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement and the consequence in relation to of General tax arising therefrom may be determined subject to the provisions of this Chapter.

Anti-Avoidance

10 Explanation.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the provisions of this Chapter Rule. may be applied to any step in, or a part of, the arrangement as they are applicable to the arrangement.

96. (1) An impermissible avoidance arrangement means an arrangement, the main purpose of Impermissible which is to obtain a tax benefit, and it-

avoidance arrangement.

- (a) creates rights, or obligations, which are not ordinarily created between persons dealing at arm's length;
  - (b) results, directly or indirectly, in the misuse, or abuse, of the provisions of this Act;
  - (c) lacks commercial substance or is deemed to lack commercial substance under section 97, in whole or in part; or
- (d) is entered into, or carried out, by means, or in a manner, which are not ordinarily employed 20 for bona fide purposes.
  - (2) An arrangement shall be presumed, unless it is proved to the contrary by the assessee, to have been entered into, or carried out, for the main purpose of obtaining a tax benefit, if the main purpose of a step in, or a part of, the arrangement is to obtain a tax benefit, notwithstanding the fact that the main purpose of the whole arrangement is not to obtain a tax benefit.
    - 97. (1) An arrangement shall be deemed to lack commercial substance, if-

Arrangement to lack substance.

- (a) the substance or effect of the arrangement as a whole, is inconsistent with, or differs commercial significantly from, the form of its individual steps or a part; or
  - (b) it involves or includes-
    - (i) round trip financing;
- (ii) an accommodating party; 30
  - (iii) elements that have effect of offsetting or cancelling each other; or
  - (iv) a transaction which is conducted through one or more persons and disguises the value, location, source, ownership or control of funds which is the subject matter of such transaction; or
- (c) it involves the location of an asset or of a transaction or of the place of residence of any 35 party which is without any substantial commercial purpose other than obtaining a tax benefit (but for the provisions of this Chapter) for a party; or
  - (a) it does not have a significant effect upon the business risks or net cash flows of any party to the arrangement apart from any effect attributable to the tax benefit that would be obtained (but for the provisions of this Chapter).
  - (2) For the purposes of sub-section (1), round trip financing includes any arrangement in which, through a series of transactions-
    - (a) funds are transferred among the parties to the arrangement; and
- (b) such transactions do not have any substantial commercial purpose other than obtaining the tax benefit (but for the provisions of this Chapter), 45

without having any regard to-

- (A) whether or not the funds involved in the round trip financing can be traced to any funds transferred to, or received by, any party in connection with the arrangement;
- (B) the time, or sequence, in which the funds involved in the round trip financing are transferred or received; or
- (C) the means by, or manner in, or mode through, which funds involved in the round trip financing are transferred or received.

- (3) For the purposes of this Chapter, a party to an arrangement shall be an accommodating party, if the main purpose of the direct or indirect participation of that party in the arrangement, in whole or in part, is to obtain, directly or indirectly, a tax benefit (but for the provisions of this Chapter) for the assessee whether or not the party is a connected person in relation to any party to the arrangement.
- (4) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby clarified that the following may be relevant but shall not be sufficient for determining whether an arrangement lacks commercial substance or not, namely:—
  - (i) the period or time for which the arrangement (including operations therein) exists;
  - (ii) the fact of payment of taxes, directly or indirectly, under the arrangement;

(iii) the fact that an exit route (including transfer of any activity or business or operations) is provided by the arrangement.

98. (1) If an arrangement is declared to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement, then, the consequences, in relation to tax, of the arrangement, including denial of tax benefit or a benefit under a tax treaty, shall be determined, in such manner as is deemed appropriate, in the circumstances 15 of the case, including by way of but not limited to the following, namely: -

- (a) disregarding, combining or recharacterising any step in, or a part or whole of, the impermissible avoidance arrangement;
- (b) treating the impermissible avoidance arrangement as if it had not been entered into or carried out;

(c) disregarding any accommodating party or treating any accommodating party and any other party as one and the same person;

- (a) deeming persons who are connected persons in relation to each other to be one and the same person for the purposes of determining tax treatment of any amount;
  - (e) reallocating amongst the parties to the arrangement—
    - (i) any accrual, or receipt, of a capital nature or revenue nature; or
    - (ii) any expenditure, deduction, relief or rebate;
  - (f) treating—
    - (i) the place of residence of any party to the arrangement; or
    - (ii) the situs of an asset or of a transaction,

at a place other than the place of residence, location of the asset or location of the transaction as provided under the arrangement; or

- (g) considering or looking through any arrangement by disregarding any corporate structure.
- (2) For the purposes of sub-section (1),—
  - (i) any equity may be treated as debt or vice versa;

(ii) any accrual, or receipt, of a capital nature may be treated as of revenue nature or *vice* versa; or

- (iii) any expenditure, deduction, relief or rebate may be recharacterised.
- 99. For the purposes of this Chapter, in determining whether a tax benefit exists,—
- (i) the parties who are connected persons in relation to each other may be treated as one and 40 the same person;
  - (ii) any accommodating party may be disregarded;
  - (iii) the accommodating party and any other party may be treated as one and the same person;
- (iv) the arrangement may be considered or looked through by disregarding any corporate structure.

100. The provisions of this Chapter shall apply in addition to, or in lieu of, any other basis for

Treatment of connected person and accommodating party.

Consequences

impermissible

arrangement.

avoidance

Application of this Chapter.

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determination of tax liability.

101. The provisions of this Chapter shall be applied in accordance with such guidelines and subject to such conditions, as may be prescribed.

Definitions.

Framing of

guidelines.

- 102. In this Chapter, unless the context otherwise requires,—
- (1) "arrangement" means any step in, or a part or whole of, any transaction, operation, scheme, agreement or understanding, whether enforceable or not, and includes the alienation of any property in such transaction, operation, scheme, agreement or understanding;
  - (2) "asset" includes property, or right, of any kind;

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- (3) "benefit" includes a payment of any kind whether in tangible or intangible form;
- (4) "connected person" means any person who is connected directly or indirectly to another person and includes,—
  - (a) any relative of the person, if such person is an individual;
  - (b) any director of the company or any relative of such director, if the person is a company;
  - (c) any partner or member of a firm or association of persons or body of individuals or any relative of such partner or member, if the person is a firm or association of persons or body of individuals;
    - (*d*) any member of the Hindu undivided family or any relative of such member, if the person is a Hindu undivided family;
    - (e) any individual who has a substantial interest in the business of the person or any relative of such individual;
    - (f) a company, firm or an association of persons or a body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or a Hindu undivided family having a substantial interest in the business of the person or any director, partner, or member of the company, firm or association of persons or body of individuals or family, or any relative of such director, partner or member;
    - (g) a company, firm or association of persons or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or a Hindu undivided family, whose director, partner, or member has a substantial interest in the business of the person, or family or any relative of such director, partner or member;
      - (h) any other person who carries on a business, if-
      - (i) the person being an individual, or any relative of such person, has a substantial interest in the business of that other person; or
      - (ii) the person being a company, firm, association of persons, body of individuals, whether incorporated or not, or a Hindu undivided family, or any director, partner or member of such company, firm or association of persons or body of individuals or family, or any relative of such director, partner or member, has a substantial interest in the business of that other person:
    - (5) "fund" includes—
      - (a) any cash;
      - (b) cash equivalents; and
- 40 (c) any right, or obligation, to receive or pay, the cash or cash equivalent;
  - (6) "party" includes a person or a permanent establishment which participates or takes part in an arrangement;
  - (7) "relative" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the *Explanation* to clause (*vi*) of sub-section (2) of section 56;
- 45 (8) a person shall be deemed to have a substantial interest in the business, if,—
  - (a) in a case where the business is carried on by a company, such person is, at any time

during the financial year, the beneficial owner of equity shares carrying twenty per cent. or more, of the voting power; or

- (b) in any other case, such person is, at any time during the financial year, beneficially entitled to twenty per cent. or more, of the profits of such business;
- (9) "step" includes a measure or an action, particularly one of a series taken in order to deal 5 with or achieve a particular thing or object in the arrangement;
  - (10) "tax benefit" includes,—
    - (a) a reduction or avoidance or deferral of tax or other amount payable under this Act; or
    - (b) an increase in a refund of tax or other amount under this Act; or
  - (c) a reduction or avoidance or deferral of tax or other amount that would be payable under this Act, as a result of a tax treaty; or
  - (d) an increase in a refund of tax or other amount under this Act as a result of a tax treaty;
    - (e) a reduction in total income; or
    - (f) an increase in loss,

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in the relevant previous year or any other previous year;

# Amendment of section 115A.

- (11) "tax treaty" means an agreement referred to in sub-section (1) of section 90 or sub-section (1) of section 90A.'.
- **25**. In section 115A of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (b), for sub-clauses (A), (AA), (B) and (BB), the following sub-clauses shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014, 20 namely:—
  - "(A) the amount of income-tax calculated on the income by way of royalty, if any, included in the total income, at the rate of twenty-five per cent.;

Amendment of section 115BBD.

(B) the amount of income-tax calculated on the income by way of fees for technical services, if any, included in the total income, at the rate of twenty-five per cent.; and".

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Amendment of section 115-O.

- **26**. In section 115BBD of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1), after the words, figures and letters "the 1st day of April, 2013", the words, figures and letters "or beginning on the 1st day of April, 2014" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.
- **27**. In section 115-O of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (*1A*), for clause (*i*), the following clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

alvear if

- "(*i*) the amount of dividend, if any, received by the domestic company during the financial year, if such dividend is received from its subsidiary and,—
  - (a) where such subsidiary is a domestic company, the subsidiary has paid the tax which is payable under this section on such dividend; or
  - (b) where such subsidiary is a foreign company, the tax is payable by the domestic company 35 under section 115BBD on such dividend:

Insertion of new Chapter XII-DA

Provided that the same amount of dividend shall not be taken into account for reduction more than once;".

28. After Chapter XII-D of the Income-tax Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

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#### 'CHAPTER XII-DA

Tax on distributed income to shareholders.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO TAX ON DISTRIBUTED INCOME OF DOMESTIC COMPANY FOR BUY-BACK OF SHARES

115QA. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of this Act, in addition to the income-tax chargeable in respect of the total income of a domestic company for any assessment year, any amount of distributed income by the company on buy-back of shares (not being shares

listed on a recognised stock exchange) from a shareholder shall be charged to tax and such company shall be liable to pay additional income-tax at the rate of twenty per cent. on the distributed income.

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Explanation.—For the purposes of this section,—

- (i) "buy-back" means purchase by a company of its own shares in accordance with the provisions of section 77A of the Companies Act, 1956;
- (ii) "distributed income" means the consideration paid by the company on buy-back of shares as reduced by the amount which was received by the company for issue of such shares.
- (2) Notwithstanding that no income-tax is payable by a domestic company on its total income computed in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the tax on the distributed income under 10 sub-section (1) shall be payable by such company.
  - (3) The principal officer of the domestic company and the company shall be liable to pay the tax to the credit of the Central Government within fourteen days from the date of payment of any consideration to the shareholder on buy-back of shares referred to in sub-section (1).
- (4) The tax on the distributed income by the company shall be treated as the final payment of tax 15 in respect of the said income and no further credit therefor shall be claimed by the company or by any other person in respect of the amount of tax so paid.
  - (5) No deduction under any other provision of this Act shall be allowed to the company or a Interest shareholder in respect of the income which has been charged to tax under sub-section (1) or the tax payable for thereon.

non-payment of tax by company.

115QB. Where the principal officer of the domestic company and the company fails to pay the whole or any part of the tax on the distributed income referred to in sub-section (1) of section 115QA, within the time allowed under sub-section (3) of that section, he or it shall be liable to pay simple interest at the rate of one per cent. for every month or part thereof on the amount of such tax When for the period beginning on the date immediately after the last date on which such tax was payable company is and ending with the date on which the tax is actually paid.

deemed to be assessee in default.

115QC. If any principal officer of a domestic company and the company does not pay tax on distributed income in accordance with the provisions of section 115QA, then, he or it shall be deemed Amendment to be an assessee in default in respect of the amount of tax payable by him or it and all the provisions of section of this Act for the collection and recovery of income-tax shall apply.'.

- 30 29. In section 115R of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2), with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013,-
  - (a) in clause (ii), for the words "twelve and one-half per cent.", the words "twenty-five per cent." shall be substituted:
    - (b) after sub-clause (iii) and before the proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that where any income is distributed by a mutual fund under an infrastructure debt fund scheme to a non-resident (not being a company) or a foreign company, the mutual fund shall be liable to pay additional income-tax at the rate of five per cent. on income so distributed:";

- (c) in the proviso, for the words "Provided that", the words "Provided further that" shall be substituted;
- (d) for the Explanation, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely:—

'Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section,—

- (i) "administrator" and "specified company" shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Explanation to clause (35) of section 10;
- (ii) "infrastructure debt fund scheme" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (1) of regulation 49L of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.'.

15 of 1992.

Insertion of new Chapter XII-EA.

**30.** After Chapter XII-E of the Income-tax Act, the following Chapter shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

#### 'CHAPTER XII-EA

# SPECIAL PROVISIONS RELATING TO TAX ON DISTRIBUTED INCOME BY SECURITISATION TRUSTS

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Tax on distributed income to investors.

- 115TA. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other provisions of the Act, any amount of income distributed by the securitisation trust to its investors shall be chargeable to tax and such securitisation trust shall be liable to pay additional income-tax on such distributed income at the rate of—
  - (i) twenty-five per cent. on income distributed to any person being an individual or a Hindu undivided family;
    - (ii) thirty per cent. on income distributed to any other person:

Provided that nothing contained in this sub-section shall apply in respect of any income distributed by the securitisation trust to any person in whose case income, irrespective of its nature and source, is not chargeable to tax under the Act.

- (2) The person responsible for making payment of the income distributed by the securitisation 15 trust shall be liable to pay tax to the credit of the Central Government within fourteen days from the date of distribution or payment of such income, whichever is earlier.
- (3) The person responsible for making payment of the income distributed by the securitisation trust shall, on or before the 15th day of September in each year, furnish to the prescribed income-tax authority, a statement in the prescribed form and verified in the prescribed manner, giving the details 20 of the amount of income distributed to investors during the previous year, the tax paid thereon and such other relevant details, as may be prescribed.
- (4) No deduction under any other provisions of this Act shall be allowed to the securitisation trust in respect of the income which has been charged to tax under sub-section (1).

Interest payable for non-payment of tax.

115TB. Where the person responsible for making payment of the income distributed by the 25 securitisation trust and the securitisation trust fails to pay the whole or any part of the tax referred to in sub-section (1) of section 115TA, within the time allowed under sub-section (2) of that section, he or it shall be liable to pay simple interest at the rate of one per cent. every month or part thereof on the amount of such tax for the period beginning on the date immediately after the last date on which such tax was payable and ending with the date on which the tax is actually paid.

Securitisation trust to be assessee in default. 115TC. If any person responsible for making payment of the income distributed by the securitisation trust and the securitisation trust does not pay tax, as referred to in sub-section (1) of section 115TA, then, he or it shall be deemed to be an assessee in default in respect of the amount of tax payable by him or it and all the provisions of this Act for the collection and recovery of income-tax shall apply.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this Chapter,—

- (a) "investor" means a person who is holder of any securitised debt instrument or securities issued by the securitisation trust;
- (b) "securities" means debt securities issued by a Special Purpose Vehicle as referred to in the guidelines on securitisation of standard assets issued by the Reserve Bank of India;
- (c) "securitised debt instrument" shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in clause (s) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Public Offer and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2008 made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956;

15 of 1992. 42 of 1956.

(d) "securitisation trust" means a trust, being a-

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(i) "special purpose distinct entity" as defined in clause (u) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 2 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Public Offer and Listing of Securitised Debt Instruments) Regulations, 2008 made under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956, and regulated under the said regulations: or

15 of 1992. 42 of 1956.

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(ii) "Special Purpose Vehicle" as defined in, and regulated by, the guidelines on securitisation of standard assets issued by the Reserve Bank of India,

which fulfils such conditions, as may be prescribed.'.

31. In section 132B of the Income-tax Act, the Explanation shall be numbered as Explanation 1 Amendment thereof and after Explanation 1 as so numbered, the following Explanation shall be inserted with effect of section from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:-

'Explanation 2.—For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that the "existing liability" does 5 not include advance tax payable in accordance with the provisions of Part C of Chapter XVII.'.

32. In section 139 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (9), in the Explanation, after clause (a), the Amendment following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

of section

'(aa) the tax together with interest, if any, payable in accordance with the provisions of section 140A, has been paid on or before the date of furnishing of the return;".

33. In section 142 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2A), for the words "the nature and complexity Amendment of the accounts of the assessee and", the words "the nature and complexity of the accounts, volume of section of the accounts, doubts about the correctness of the accounts, multiplicity of transactions in the accounts or specialised nature of business activity of the assessee, and" shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013.

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34. Section 144BA of the Income-tax Act (as inserted by section 62 of the Finance Act, 2012) shall Omission of be omitted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2014.

144 BA

35. After section 144B of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from Insertion of the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:-

new section 144BA.

"144BA. (1) If, the Assessing Officer, at any stage of the assessment or reassessment proceedings Reference to before him having regard to the material and evidence available, considers that it is necessary to declare an arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement and to determine the consequence of such an arrangement within the meaning of Chapter X-A, then, he may make a reference to the Commissioner in this regard.

Commissioner in certain

- (2) The Commissioner shall, on receipt of a reference under sub-section (1), if he is of the opinion 25 that the provisions of Chapter X-A are required to be invoked, issue a notice to the assessee, setting out the reasons and basis of such opinion, for submitting objections, if any, and providing an opportunity of being heard to the assessee within such period, not exceeding sixty days, as may be specified in the notice.
- (3) If the assessee does not furnish any objection to the notice within the time specified in the 30 notice issued under sub-section (2), the Commissioner shall issue such directions as he deems fit in respect of declaration of the arrangement to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement.
  - (4) In case the assessee objects to the proposed action, and the Commissioner after hearing the assessee in the matter is not satisfied by the explanation of the assessee, then, he shall make a reference in the matter to the Approving Panel for the purpose of declaration of the arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement.
  - (5) If the Commissioner is satisfied, after having heard the assessee that the provisions of Chapter X-A are not to be invoked, he shall by an order in writing, communicate the same to the Assessing Officer with a copy to the assessee.
  - (6) The Approving Panel, on receipt of a reference from the Commissioner under sub-section (4), shall issue such directions, as it deems fit, in respect of the declaration of the arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement in accordance with the provisions of Chapter X-A including specifying of the previous year or years to which such declaration of an arrangement as an impermissible avoidance arrangement shall apply.
  - (7) No direction under sub-section (6) shall be issued unless an opportunity of being heard is given to the assessee and the Assessing Officer on such directions which are prejudicial to the interest of the assessee or the interests of the revenue, as the case may be.
    - (8) The Approving Panel may, before issuing any direction under sub-section (6),—
    - (i) if it is of the opinion that any further inquiry in the matter is necessary, direct the Commissioner to make such inquiry or cause the inquiry to be made by any other income-tax authority and furnish a report containing the result of such inquiry to it; or
      - (ii) call for and examine such records relating to the matter as it deems fit; or
      - (iii) require the assessee to furnish such documents and evidence as it may direct.
    - (9) If the members of the Approving Panel differ in opinion on any point, such point shall be decided according to the opinion of the majority of the members.
    - (10) The Assessing Officer, on receipt of directions of the Commissioner under sub-section (3) or

of the Approving Panel under sub-section (6), shall proceed to complete the proceedings referred to in sub-section (1) in accordance with such directions and the provisions of Chapter X-A.

- (11) If any direction issued under sub-section (6) specifies that declaration of the arrangement as impermissible avoidance arrangement is applicable for any previous year other than the previous year to which the proceeding referred to in sub-section (1) pertains, then, the Assessing 5 Officer while completing any assessment or reassessment proceedings of the assessment year relevant to such other previous year shall do so in accordance with such directions and the provisions of Chapter X-A and it shall not be necessary for him to seek fresh direction on the issue for the relevant assessment year.
- (12) No order of assessment or reassessment shall be passed by the Assessing Officer 10 without the prior approval of the Commissioner, if any tax consequences have been determined in the order under the provisions of Chapter X-A.
- (13) The Approving Panel shall issue directions under sub-section (6) within a period of six months from the end of the month in which the reference under sub-section (4) was received.
- (14) The directions issued by the Approving Panel under sub-section (6) shall be binding 15 on—
  - (i) the assessee; and
  - (ii) the Commissioner and the income-tax authorities subordinate to him,

and notwithstanding anything contained in any other provision of the Act, no appeal under the Act shall lie against such directions.

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- (15) The Central Government shall, for the purposes of this section, constitute one or more Approving Panels as may be necessary and each panel shall consist of three members including a Chairperson.
- (16) The Chairperson of the Approving Panel shall be a person who is or has been a judge of a High Court, and—
  - (i) one member shall be a member of Indian Revenue Service not below the rank of Chief Commissioner of Income-tax; and
  - (ii) one member shall be an academic or scholar having special knowledge of matters, such as direct taxes, business accounts and international trade practices.
- (17) The term of the Approving Panel shall ordinarily be for one year and may be extended from 30 time to time up to a period of three years.
- (18) The Chairperson and members of the Approving Panel shall meet, as and when required, to consider the references made to the panel and shall be paid such remuneration as may be prescribed.
- (19) In addition to the powers conferred on the Approving Panel under this section, it shall have the powers which are vested in the Authority for Advance Rulings under section 245U.
- (20) The Board shall provide to the Approving Panel such officials as may be necessary for the efficient exercise of powers and discharge of functions of the Approving Panel under the Act.
- (21) The Board may make rules for the purposes of the constitution and efficient functioning of the Approving Panel and expeditious disposal of the references received under sub-section (4).

Explanation.—In computing the period referred to in sub-section (13), the following shall be 40 excluded—

- (i) the period commencing from the date on which the first direction is issued by the Approving Panel to the Commissioner for getting the inquiries conducted through the authority competent under an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A and ending with the date on which the information so requested is last received by the Approving Panel or one year, whichever is 45 less;
- (ii) the period during which the proceeding of the Approving Panel is stayed by an order or injunction of any court:

Provided that where immediately after the exclusion of the aforesaid time or period, the period available to the Approving Panel for issue of directions is less than sixty days, such remaining 50 period shall be extended to sixty days and the aforesaid period of six months shall be deemed to have been extended accordingly."

36. In section 144C of the Income-tax Act,—

Amendment of section 144C.

- (a) sub-section (14A) shall be omitted;
- (b) after sub-section (14), the following sub-section shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:-
- 5 "(14A) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any assessment or reassessment order passed by the Assessing Officer with the prior approval of the Commissioner as provided in subsection (12) of section 144BA.".
  - 37. In section 153 of the Income-tax Act, in Explanation 1,—

Amendment of section 153.

- (a) for clause (iii), the following clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—
  - "(iii) the period commencing from the date on which the Assessing Officer directs the assessee to get his accounts audited under sub-section (2A) of section 142 and—
    - (a) ending with the last date on which the assessee is required to furnish a report of such audit under that sub-section; or
  - (b) where such direction is challenged before a court, ending with the date on which the order setting aside such direction is received by the Commissioner,or";
  - (b) for clause (viii), the following clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—
    - "(viii) the period commencing from the date on which a reference or first of the references for exchange of information is made by an authority competent under an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A and ending with the date on which the information requested is last received by the Commissioner or a period of one year, whichever is less,";
    - (c) clause (ix) shall be omitted;

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- (*d*) in clause (*viii*), at the end, the word "or" and after clause (*viii*), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:—
  - "(ix) the period commencing from the date on which a reference for declaration of an arrangement to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement is received by the Commissioner under sub-section (1) of section 144BA and ending on the date on which a direction under sub-section (3) or sub-section (6) or an order under sub-section (5) of the said section is received by the Assessing Officer."
  - 38. In section 153B of the Income-tax Act, in the Explanation,—

Amendment of section

- (a) for clause (ii), the following clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 153B. 2013, namely:—
  - "(ii) the period commencing from the date on which the Assessing Officer directs the assessee to get his accounts audited under sub-section (2A) of section 142 and—
    - (a) ending with the last date on which the assessee is required to furnish a report of such audit under that sub-section; or
    - (b) where such direction is challenged before a court, ending with the date on which the order setting aside such direction is received by the Commissioner, or";
- (b) for clause (viii), the following clause shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—
  - "(viii) the period commencing from the date on which a reference or first of the references for exchange of information is made by an authority competent under an agreement referred to in section 90 or section 90A and ending with the date on which the information requested is last received by the Commissioner or a period of one year, whichever is less,";
  - (c) clause (ix) shall be omitted;
  - (d) in clause (viii), at the end, the word "or" and after clause (viii), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:-
- "(ix) the period commencing from the date on which a reference for declaration of an arrangement to be an impermissible avoidance arrangement is received by the Commissioner under sub-section (1) of section 144BA and ending on the date on which a direction under sub-section (3) or sub-section (6) or an order under sub-section (5) of the said section is received by the Assessing Officer,".
  - **39.** In section 153D of the Income-tax Act, the following proviso shall be inserted with effect from the Amendment of section 153D.

1st day of April, 2016, namely:-

"Provided that nothing contained in this section shall apply where the assessment or reassessment order, as the case may be, is required to be passed by the Assessing Officer with the prior approval of the Commissioner under sub-section (12) of section 144BA."

Amendment of **40.** In section 167C of the Income-tax Act, the following *Explanation* shall be inserted with effect 5 section 167C. from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

'Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expression "tax due" includes penalty, interest or any other sum payable under the Act.'.

Amendment of section 179.

**41.** In section 179 of the Income-tax Act, after sub-section (2), the following *Explanation* shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

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'Explanation.— For the purposes of this section, the expression "tax due" includes penalty, interest or any other sum payable under the Act.'.

Insertion of new section 194-IA.

Payment on transfer of certain immovable property other than agricultural

land.

**42.** After section 194-I of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013, namely:—

'194-IA. (1) Any person, being a transferee, responsible for paying (other than the person referred to in section 194LA) to a resident transferor any sum by way of consideration for transfer of any immovable property (other than agricultural land), shall, at the time of credit of such sum to the account of the transferor or at the time of payment of such sum in cash or by issue of a cheque or draft or by any other mode, whichever is earlier, deduct an amount equal to one per cent. of such sum as income-tax thereon.

(2) No deduction under sub-section (1) shall be made where the consideration for the transfer of an immovable property is less than fifty lakh rupees.

Explanation. -- For the purposes of this section, --

- (a) "agricultural land" means agricultural land in India, not being a land situate in any area referred to in items (a) and (b) of sub-clause (iii) of clause (14) of section 2;
- (b) "immovable property" means any land (other than agricultural land) or any building or part of a building.'.

Amendment of section 194LC.

- **43.** In section 194LC of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2) with effect from the 1st day of June, 2013.—
  - (a) after sub-clause (ii) and before the Explanation, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:— 30

"Provided that where a non-resident (not being a company) or a foreign company has deposited any sum of money in foreign currency in a designated account through which such sum, as converted in rupees, is utilised by the non-resident or the foreign company, as the case may be, to subscribe to any long-term infrastructure bonds issued by the specified company in India, then, such borrowing, for the purposes of this section, shall be deemed to have been made by the 35 specified company in foreign currency.";

- (b) in the Explanation, clause (a) shall be renumbered as clause (aa) thereof and before the clause as so renumbered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:-
  - '(a) "designated account" means an account of a person in a bank which has been opened solely for the purpose of deposit of money in foreign currency and utilisation of such money for 40 payment to the specified company for subscription in the long-term infrastructure bonds issued by it:'.

Amendment of section 245N.

- 44. In section 245N of the Income-tax Act,—
  - (i) in clause (a),—
    - (I) sub-clause (iv) shall be omitted;

(II) after sub-clause (iii), the following sub-clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2015, namely:-

"(*iv*) a determination or decision by the Authority whether an arrangement, which is proposed to be undertaken by any person being a resident or a non-resident, is an impermissible avoidance arrangement as referred to in Chapter X-A or not:";

- (ii) in clause (b),—
  - (I) sub-clause (iiia) shall be omitted;

- (II) in sub-clause (iii), for the word "or" occurring at the end, the word "and" shall be substituted;
- (III) in sub-clause (iii), for the word "and" occurring at the end, the word "or" shall be substituted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2015;
- (IV) after sub-clause (iii), the following sub-clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2015, namely:-
  - (iiia) is referred to in sub-clause (iv) of clause (a); and".
- **45.** In section 245R of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2), in the proviso, in clause (iii), —
- (a) the words, brackets, figures and letters "or in the case of an applicant falling in sub-clause (iiia) of clause (b) of section 245N" shall be omitted;

Amendment of section 245R.

- 10 (b) after the words, brackets, letters and figures "clause (b) of section 245N", the words, brackets, figures and letters "or in the case of an applicant falling in sub-clause (iiia) of clause (b) of section 245N" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2015.
  - **46.** In section 246A of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1),—

Amendment of section 246A.

- (i) in clause (a),---
- (I) the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be omitted;
  - (II) after the words "Dispute Resolution Panel", the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016;
- 20 (ii) in clause (b),-

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- (I) the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be omitted;
- (II) after the words "Dispute Resolution Panel", the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016;
  - (iii) in clause (ba).-
  - (I) the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be omitted;
- (II) the words, brackets, figures and letters "or an order referred to in sub-section (12) of 30 section 144BA" shall be inserted at the end with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016;
  - (iv) in clause (c),---
  - (I) the words, brackets, figures and letters "except where it is in respect of an order as referred to in sub-section (12) of section 144BA" shall be omitted;
- (II) the words, brackets, figures and letters "except an order referred to in sub-section (12) of 35 section 144BA" shall be inserted at the end with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016.
  - 47. In section 253 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (1),—

Amendment of section 253.

- (a) clause (e) shall be omitted;
- (b) after clause (d), the following clause shall be inserted with effect from the 1st day of April, 2016, namely:---
- 40 "(e) an order passed by an Assessing Officer under sub-section (3) of section 143 or section 147 or section 153A or section 153C with the approval of the Commissioner as referred to in subsection (12) of section 144BA or an order passed under section 154 or section 155 in respect of such order.".
- 48. For section 271FA of the Income-tax Act, the following section shall be substituted with effect Substitution of 45 from the 1st day of April, 2014, namely:new section for section 271FA.

"271FA. If a person who is required to furnish an annual information return under sub-section Penalty for (1) of section 285BA, fails to furnish such return within the time prescribed under failure to sub-section (2) thereof, the income-tax authority prescribed under said sub-section (1) may direct furnish annual that such person shall pay, by way of penalty, a sum of one hundred rupees for every day during information return. which such failure continues:

Provided that where such person fails to furnish the return within the period specified in the notice issued under sub-section (5) of section 285BA, he shall pay, by way of penalty, a sum of five hundred rupees for every day during which the failure continues, beginning from the day immediately following the day on which the time specified in such notice for furnishing the return expires.".

Amendment of **49.** In section 295 of the Income-tax Act, in sub-section (2), with effect from the 1st day of April, section 295. 2016,—

(i) clause (ee) shall be renumbered as clause (e) and after clause (e) as so renumbered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

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- "(ee) the matters specified in Chapter X-A;";
- (ii) after clause (eec), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(*eed*) remuneration of Chairperson and members of the Approving Panel under sub-section (*18*) and procedure and manner for constitution of, functioning and disposal of references by, the Approving Panel under sub-section (*21*) of section 144BA;".

Amendment of **50.** In the Fourth Schedule to the Income-tax Act, in Part A, in rule 3, in sub-rule (1), in the first Fourth Schedule. proviso, for the figures, letters and words "31st day of March, 2013", the figures, letters and words "31st day of March, 2014" shall be substituted.